

The diagram illustrates a speed-change hydraulic control circuit for a CVT, divided into two main functional blocks: 12 (CVT CONTROLLER) and 11 (SPEED-CHANGE HYDRAULIC CONTROL CIRCUIT).

Block 12 (CVT CONTROLLER):

- HYDRAULIC PRESSURE CONTROL SECTION:** Receives inputs from sensors 13, 14, 17, and 18. It outputs a pressure signal (Psec) to the hydraulic circuit.
- SPEED-CHANGE CONTROL SECTION:** Receives inputs from sensors 13, 14, 17, and 18. It outputs a target shifting speed signal (12a) to the hydraulic pressure control section and a step signal (Step) to the step motor.

Block 11 (SPEED-CHANGE HYDRAULIC CONTROL CIRCUIT):

- Primary Pulley Actuation Chamber (2b):** Connected to a pressure-reducing valve (24) and a pressure regulator valve (23). It receives a pressure signal (Ppri) from the primary pulley speed sensor (13).
- Secondary Pulley Actuation Chamber (3b):** Connected to a pressure-reducing valve (24) and a pressure regulator valve (23). It receives a pressure signal (Psec) from the hydraulic pressure control section.
- Pressure-Reducing Valve (24):** Controls the flow of hydraulic fluid between the actuation chambers and the pressure regulator valve.
- Pressure Regulator Valve (23):** Maintains a constant pressure in the hydraulic circuit.
- Step Motor (27):** Drives the pressure-reducing valve (24) based on the step signal (Step) from the speed-change control section.
- Primary Pulley Speed Sensor (13):** Provides a speed signal (Npri) to the CVT controller.
- Secondary Pulley Speed Sensor (14):** Provides a speed signal (Nsec) to the CVT controller.
- Accelerator Opening Sensor (17):** Provides an accelerator opening signal (APO) to the CVT controller.
- Inhibitor SW (18):** Provides a selected range signal (SELECTED RANGE SIG.) to the CVT controller.

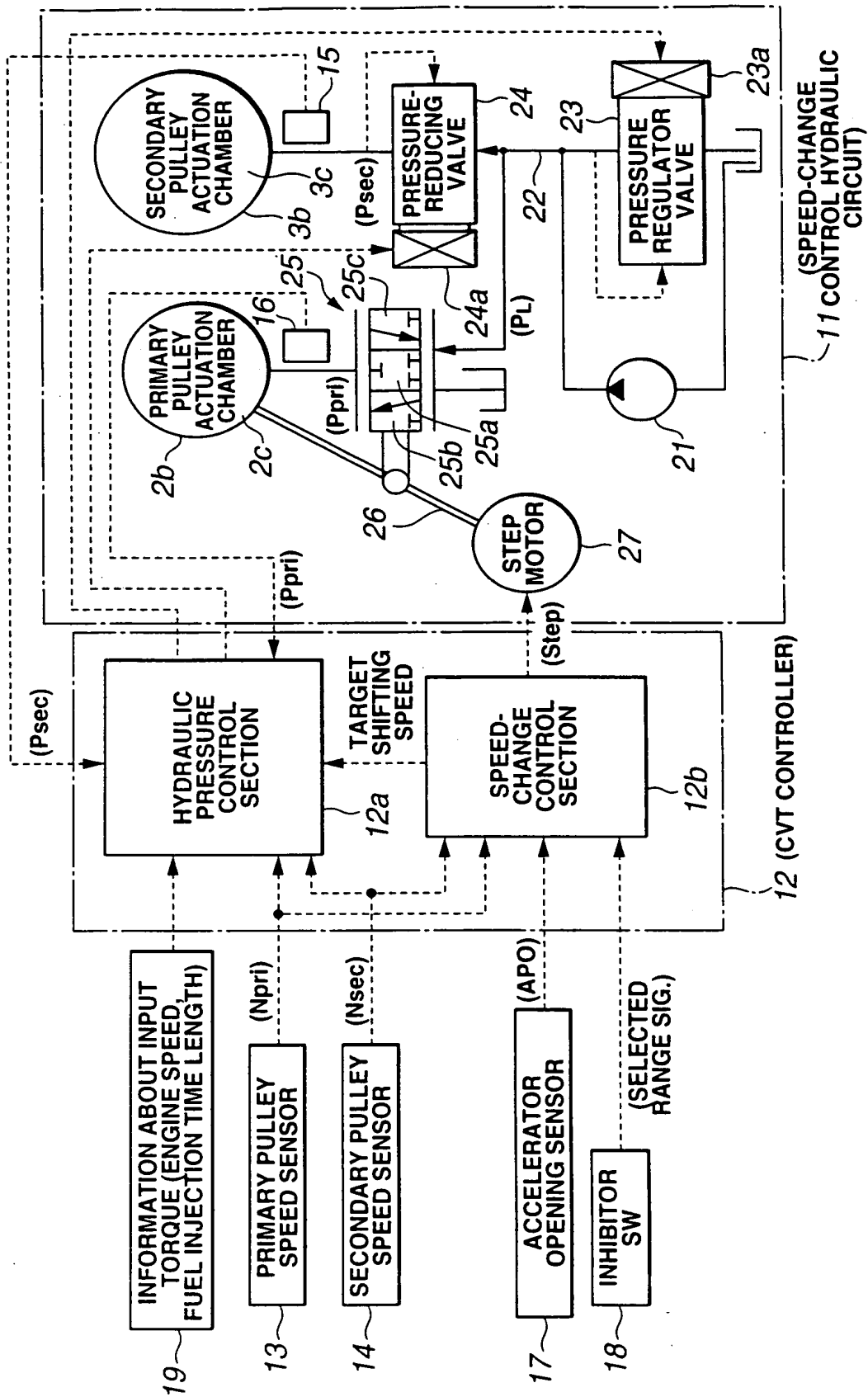


FIG.3

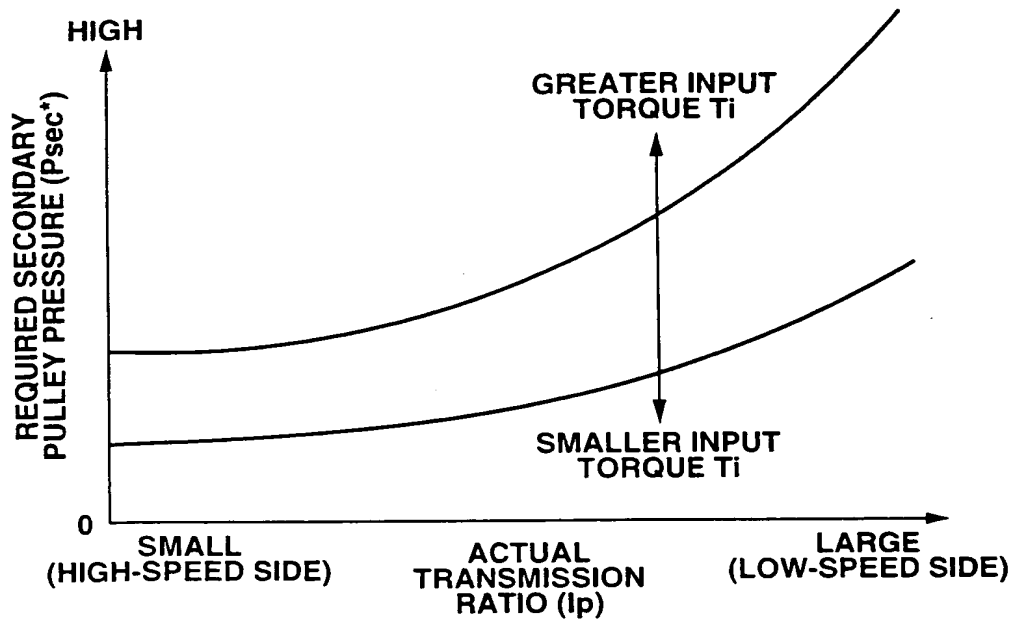


FIG.4

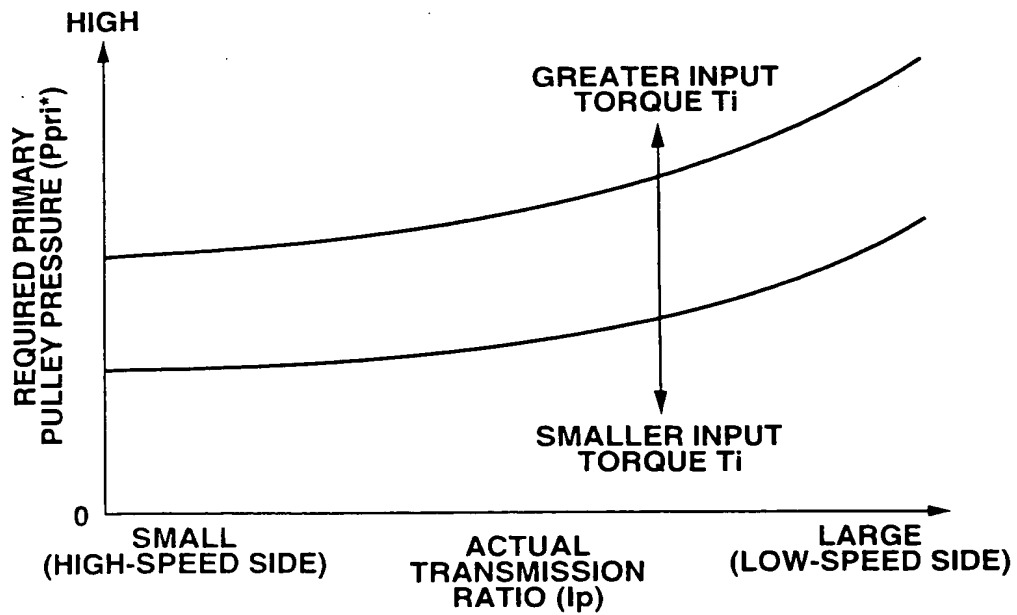


FIG.5

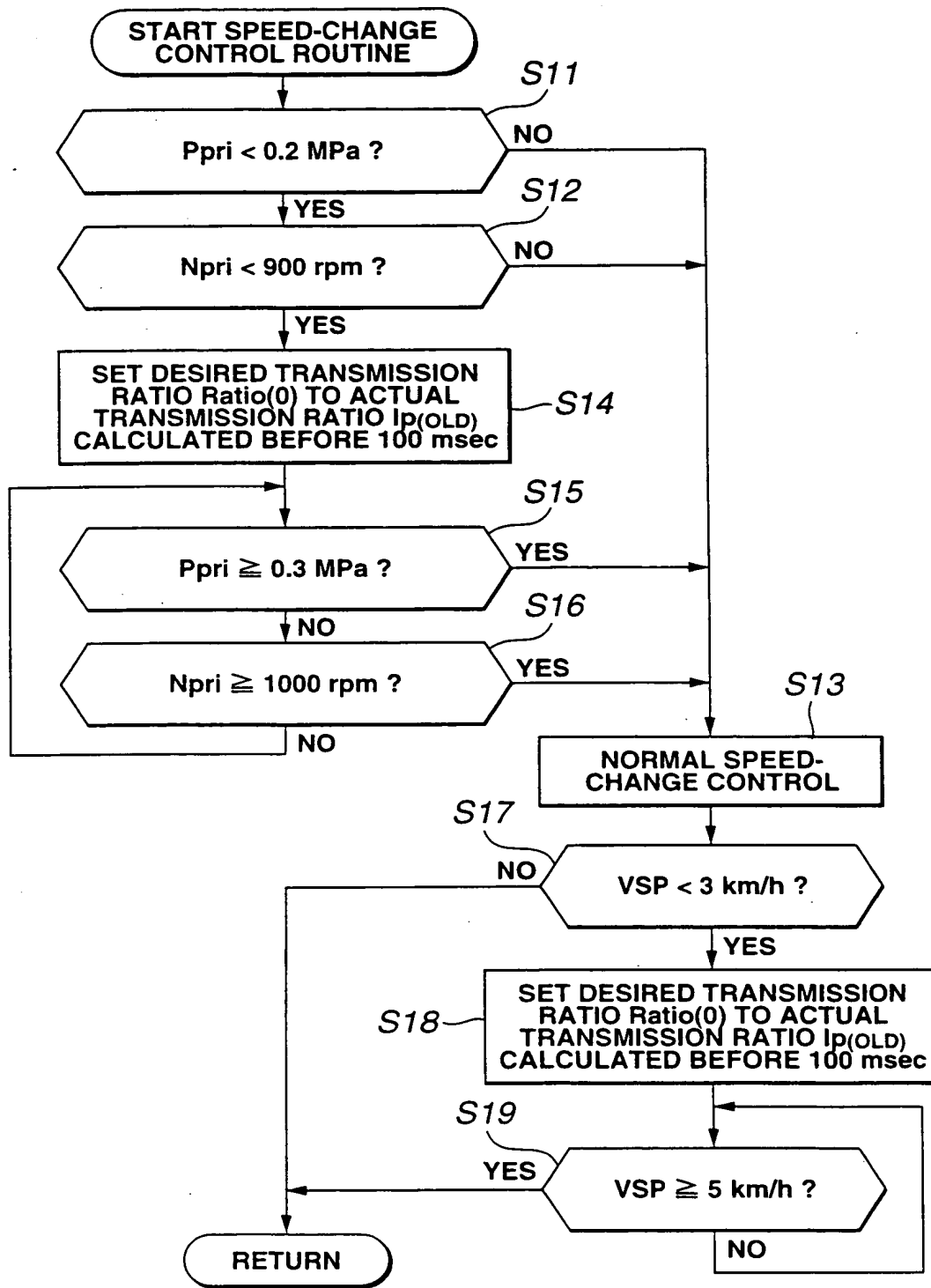


FIG.6A

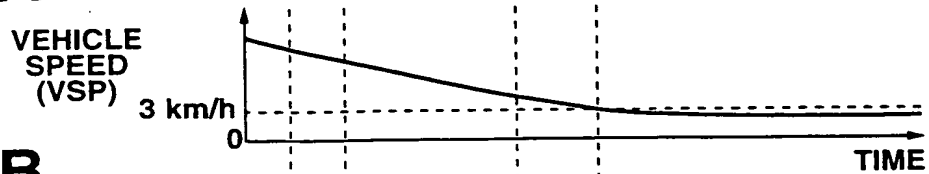


FIG.6B

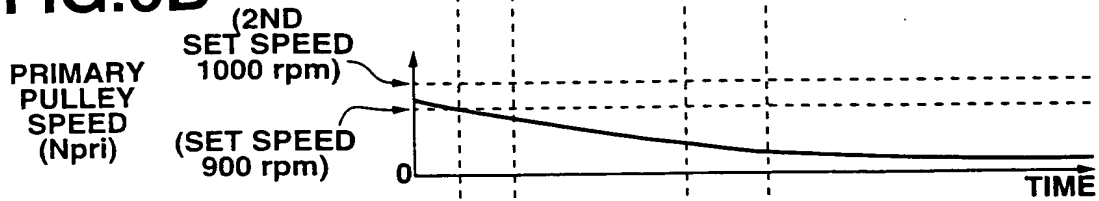


FIG.6C

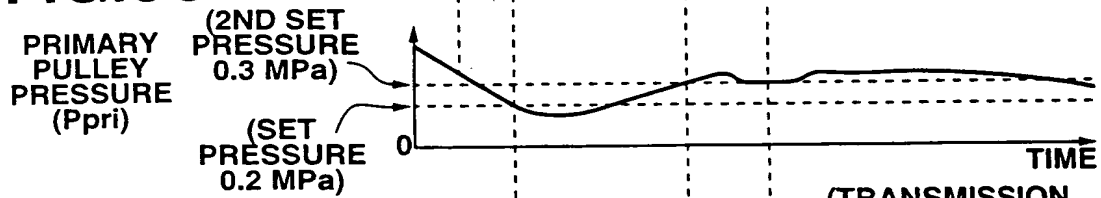


FIG.6D

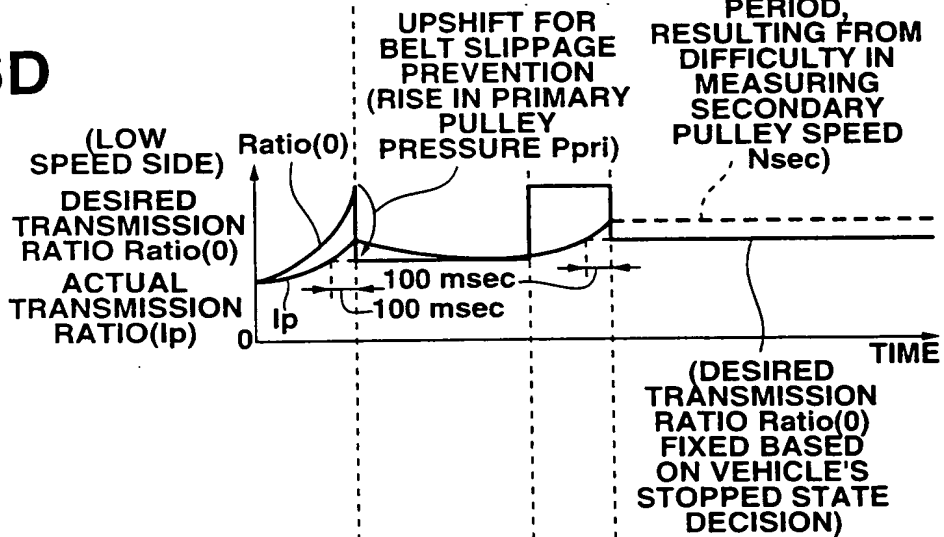


FIG.6E

